Radio-HPTLC in determination of radioactive metabolites of [18F]FDOPA

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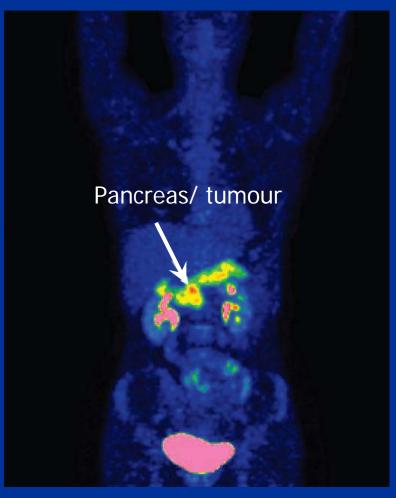
Introduction

- Positron Emission Tomography, a noninvasive imaging method to study
 - blood flow
 - energy metabolism
 - the function of different neurotransmitters

Radiolabelled tracer with known metabolism

[18F]FDOPA

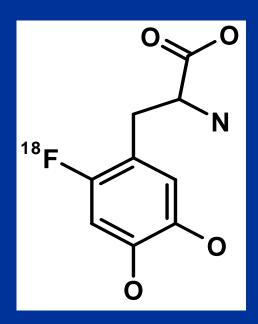
- Analogue of Levodopa
- Tracer for imaging
 - Presynaptic dopaminergic function
 - Parkinson's disease
 - Neuroendocrine tumours
 - Hyperinsulism of infancy
- Metabolism well known in brain, but not in other organs



Kauhanen et al 2007.

[18F]FDOPA

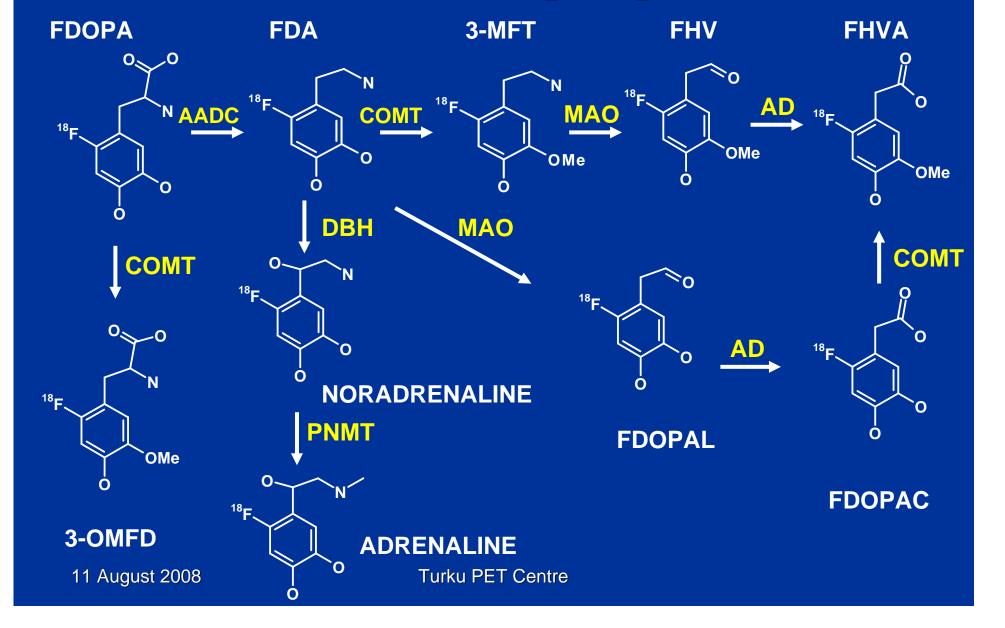
- 6-[¹⁸F]fluoro-3,4dihydroxy phenyl alanine
- ^{-18}F ; $T_{1/2} = 109.8 \text{ min}$
- Specific radioactivity~4 GBq/micromol



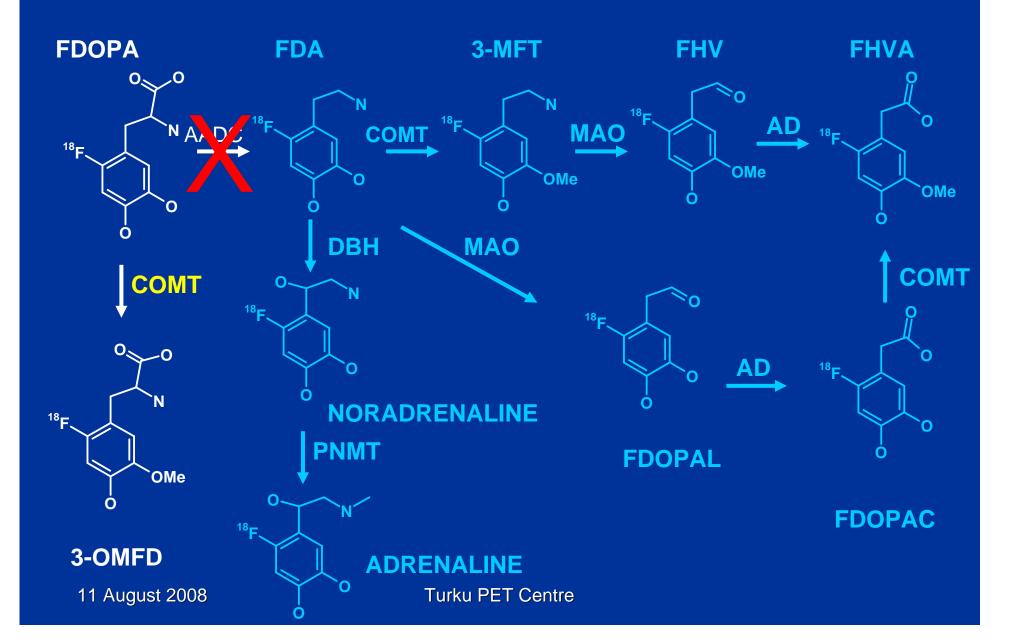
Aim of the study

- To gain understanding on metabolic pathways of [¹⁸F]FDOPA in pancreas, liver, striatum and plasma by modulating the metabolism by enzyme inhibitors:
 - Carbidopa, an aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase (AADC) inhibitor
 - RO 41-0960, a catechol-O-methyl transferase (COMT) inhibitor
 - Clorgyline and deprenyl, monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors

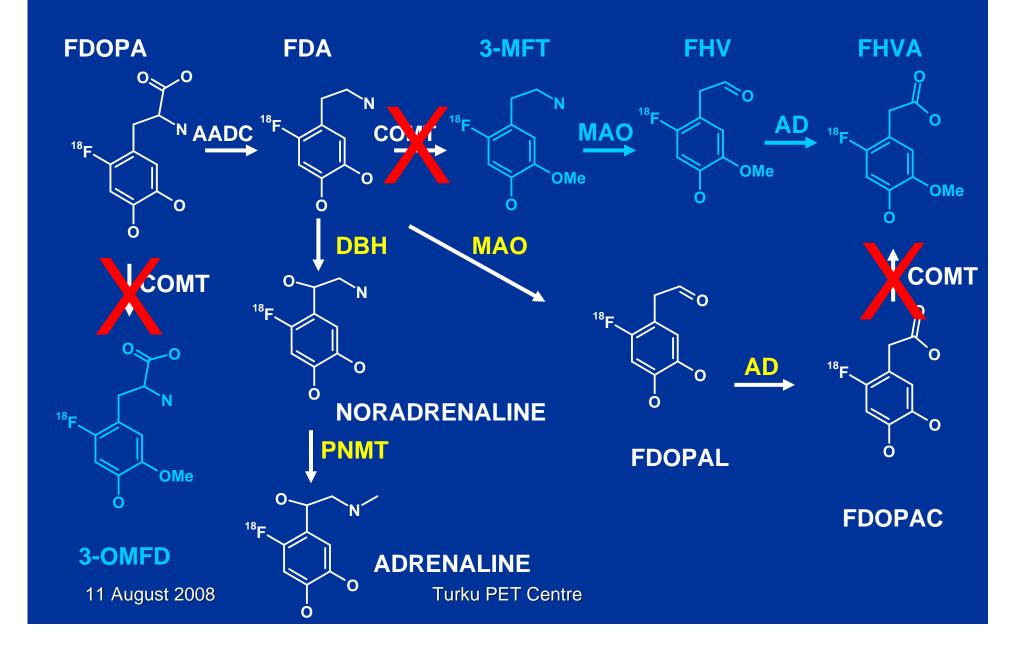
Metabolism of [18F]FDOPA



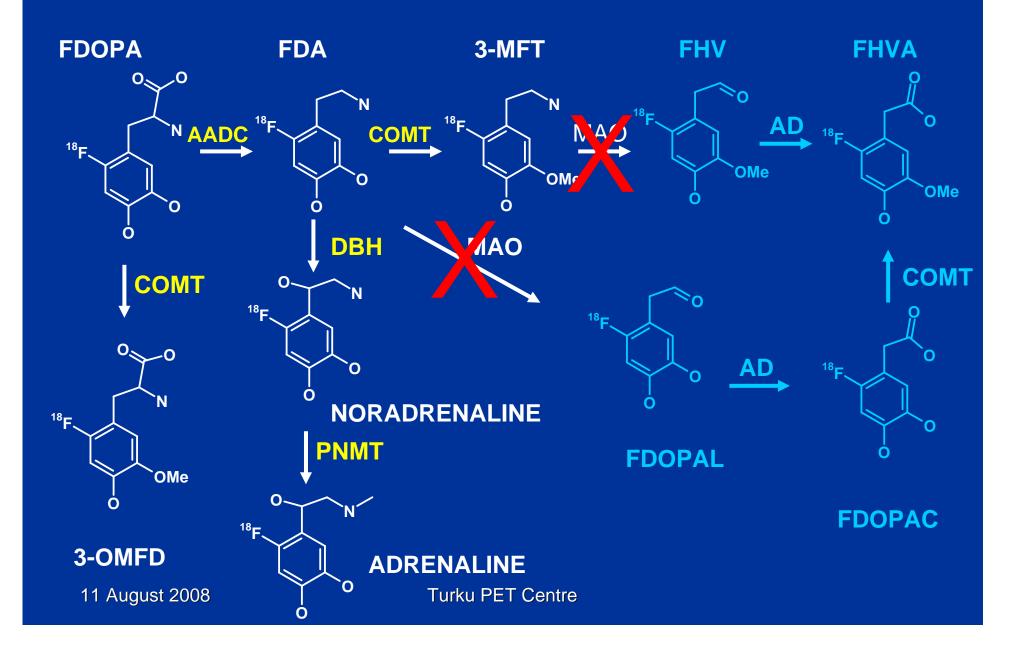
Cardidopa, AADC inhibitor



RO 41-0960, COMT inhibitor



Clorgyline and deprenyl, MAO inhibitors



Methods

- 35 MBq of FDOPA i.v.
- Plasma was deproteinated
- The tissues were homogenized in perchloric acid
- The supernatants were applicated onto HPTLC Silica 60 plates
- Developed in n-BuOH/AcOH/H₂O (40:10:10)

Autoradiographic method

 HPTLC-plates were exposed with an imaging plate (IP) for 4 h

 IP: reusable sensor for the detection of ionizing radiation energy stored in photostimulable phosphor crystals

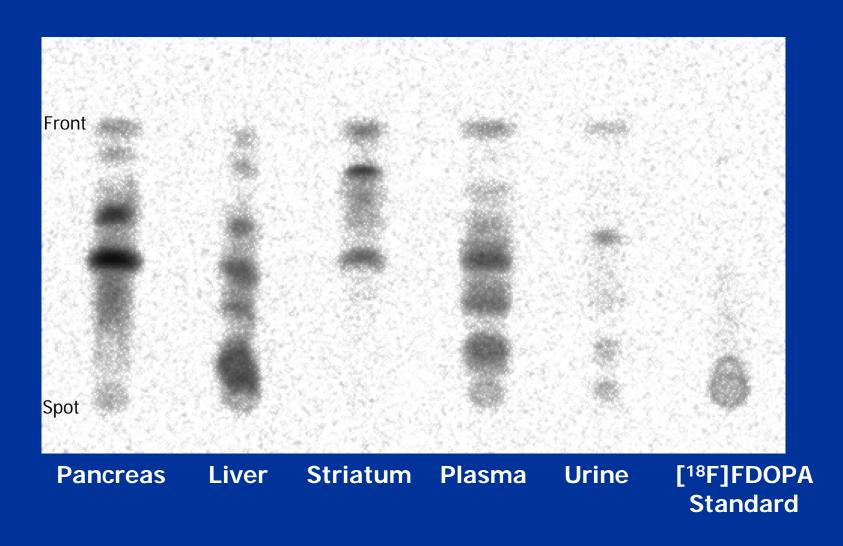


Autoradiographic method

The radioactivity was recorded with a phosphoimager (Fuji Film BAS-5000)

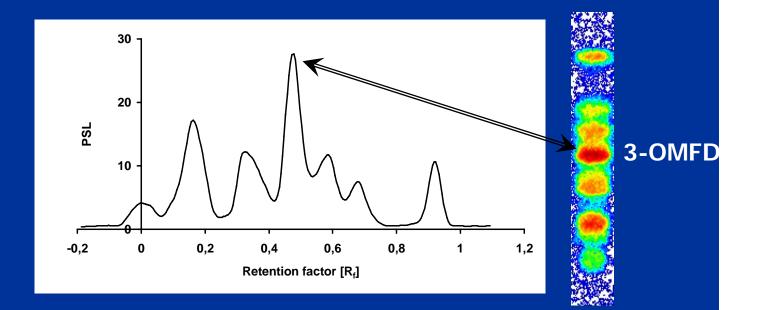


Results

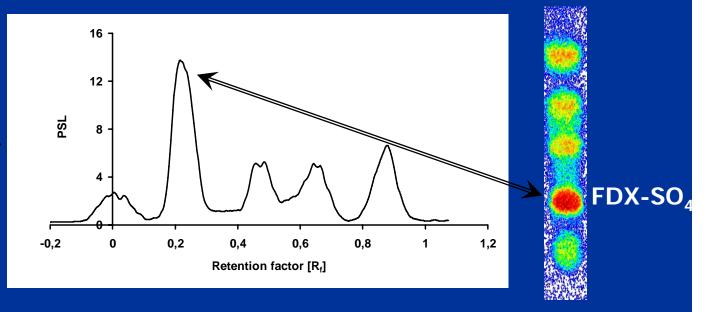


Results

Plasma with no enzyme inhibitors



Plasma with COMT and MAO-A inhibitors



11 August 2008

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Conclusions

- Identification of metabolites of [¹⁸F]FDOPA challenging
 - Migration on TLC-plates is affected by the sample matrix; the amount (mass) of labelled compounds is minimal
- HPTLC combined with digital autoradiography: fast and sensitive
 - Radio-HPTLC is a superior method for analyzing short-lived radioactive metabolites from multiple biological samples